

The GSC is introduced in the 2005 edition of *Cooperation South*, a publication of the United Nations Development Programme.

GLOBAL SCIENCE CORPS

Selected scientists from developing countries will soon have more opportunities to share expertise, build scientific capacity and expand the role of science and technology as a problem-solver and innovator in the South.

As fellows in the Global Science Corps (GSC), the scientists will serve one year in Southern research institutes, universities and training programmes that are centres of excellence. The programme is supported by the Science Initiative Group (SIG) and the United Nations Development Programme Special Unit for South-South Cooperation.

SIG and the Special Unit are working together to develop two components of the Corps:

- The 'diaspora component' will place émigré scientists in their home countries or other developing countries for one-year terms as GSC fellows. The initial emphasis will be on African scientists in the United States and Canada, but the programme is expected to expand to include émigrés located in other countries.
- The 'South-South component' will place scientists from developing countries in other developing countries for one-year terms as GSC Fellows.

For more information, go to http://www.globalsciencecorps.org.